

(12) **United States Patent**
Valenti

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,148,931 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Sep. 29, 2015**

(54) **INDEPENDENTLY PROGRAMMABLE LIGHTS FOR USE IN GLOVES**

(71) Applicant: **Emazing Lights, LLC**, West Covina, CA (US)

(72) Inventor: **Richard J. Valenti**, Palatine Bridge, NY (US)

(73) Assignee: **EMAZING LIGHTS, LLC**, West Covina, CA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 374 days.

5,124,892 A	6/1992	Lambert	
5,158,356 A	10/1992	Guthrie	
5,283,722 A	2/1994	Koenen et al.	
5,535,105 A	7/1996	Koenen et al.	
5,616,140 A *	4/1997	Prescott	606/10
5,632,548 A	5/1997	Mayfarth	
6,039,454 A	3/2000	Hallgrimsson	
6,454,435 B1	9/2002	Altman	
6,530,672 B2	3/2003	Galli	
6,709,142 B2	3/2004	Gyori	
6,860,896 B2 *	3/2005	Leber et al.	607/1
6,892,397 B2	5/2005	Raz et al.	
6,902,289 B1	6/2005	Smith	
6,975,079 B2	12/2005	Lys et al.	
7,036,740 B2	5/2006	Waters	

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Infiny Gloves—Into the Light: [PM]Brainwreck [Mystery-Lights.com]; YouTube, uploaded on Jan. 18, 2012, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MwuA8C9zwLo>.

(Continued)

(21) Appl. No.: **13/747,220**

(22) Filed: **Jan. 22, 2013**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2013/0200819 A1 Aug. 8, 2013

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 61/596,273, filed on Feb. 8, 2012.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

H05B 37/02 (2006.01)

H05B 33/08 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **H05B 37/02** (2013.01); **H05B 33/0857** (2013.01); **H05B 37/029** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,359,411 A	12/1967	Schwartz
4,524,409 A	6/1985	Yakubek

Primary Examiner — Cassandra Cox

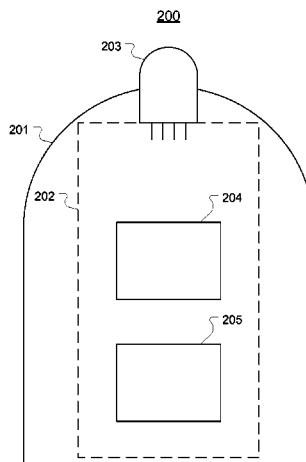
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Klein, O'Neill & Singh, LLP

(57)

ABSTRACT

The present invention extends to independently programmable lights for use in gloves and to gloves that incorporate such lights. Each independently programmable light of the present invention can include a programmable controller that stores logic for controlling the light such as by changing the color emitted by the light or the on/off pattern of the light. The user of the glove can modify the logic within the programmable controller to customize the functionality of the light. These modifications can be made by connecting the programmable light or a dedicated control unit that connects to each programmable light to another computer system to transfer new or updated logic to a programmable controller for controlling the lights in a custom manner.

38 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

7,038,399	B2	5/2006	Lys et al.	
7,064,498	B2	6/2006	Dowling et al.	
7,186,003	B2	3/2007	Dowling et al.	
7,649,323	B1	1/2010	Kuhlmann et al.	
2001/0004808	A1 *	6/2001	Hurwitz	36/137
2002/0089845	A1	7/2002	Altman	
2002/0112734	A1	8/2002	Rambeau et al.	
2005/0018419	A1	1/2005	Parsons	
2006/0007669	A1	1/2006	Blackburn	
2006/0092624	A1	5/2006	Park	
2006/0125806	A1	6/2006	Voyles et al.	

2007/0295349	A1	12/2007	Simpson
2009/0293896	A1	12/2009	Simpson
2012/0069552	A1	3/2012	Richter
2012/0081884	A1	4/2012	Gonzalez
2012/0081885	A1	4/2012	Schrimmer et al.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

“Infiny Gloves—Mode Demonstration & Case Comparisons”, YouTube, uploaded on Jan. 21, 2012, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A3rW9kXxKDw>.
 ThingM Smart Devices Made Simple, BlinkM, <http://thingm.com/products/blinkm/>.

* cited by examiner

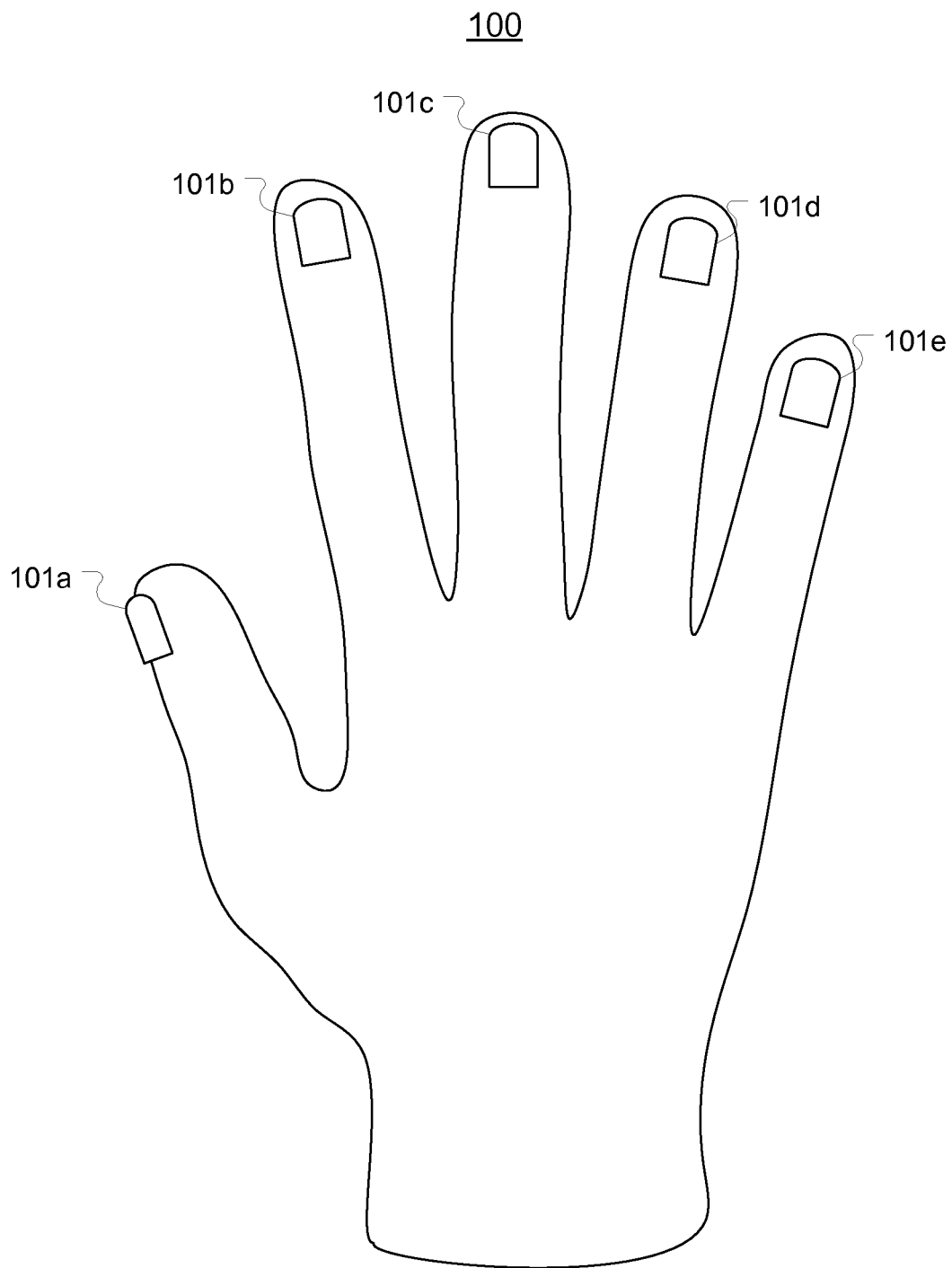


FIG. 1

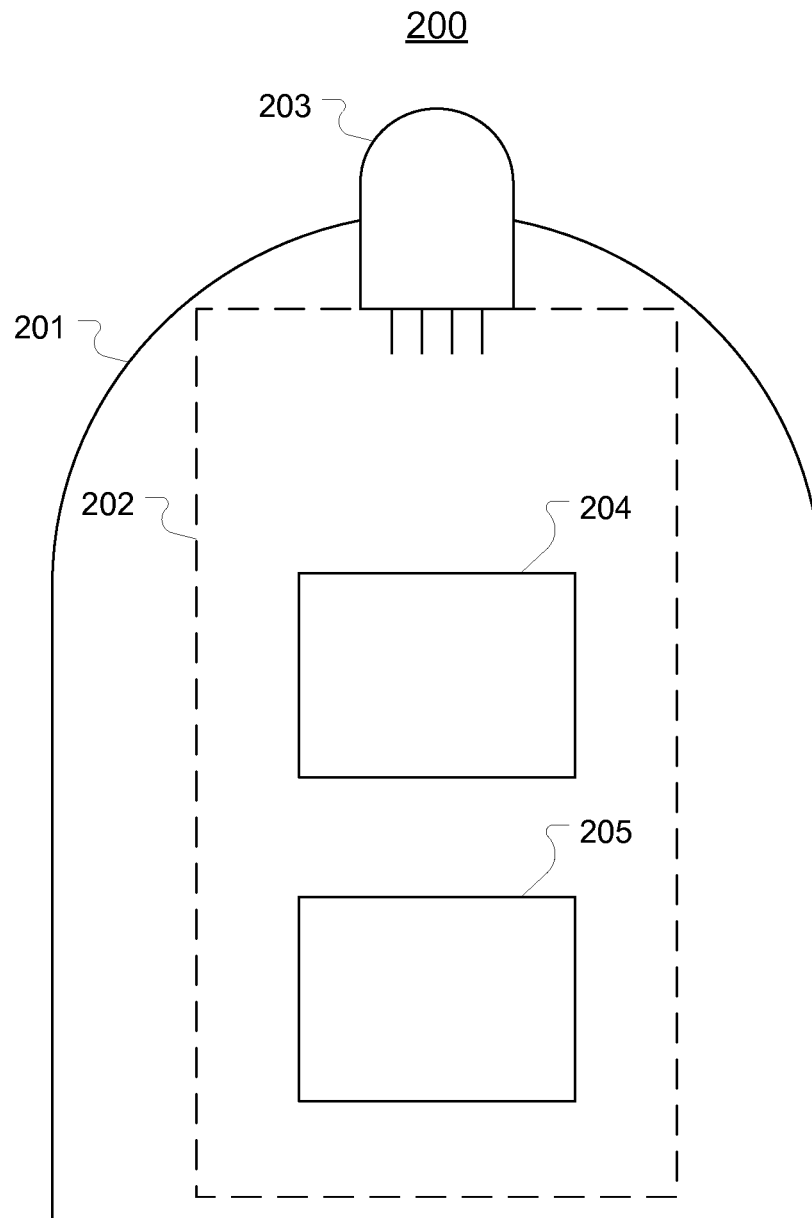


FIG. 2

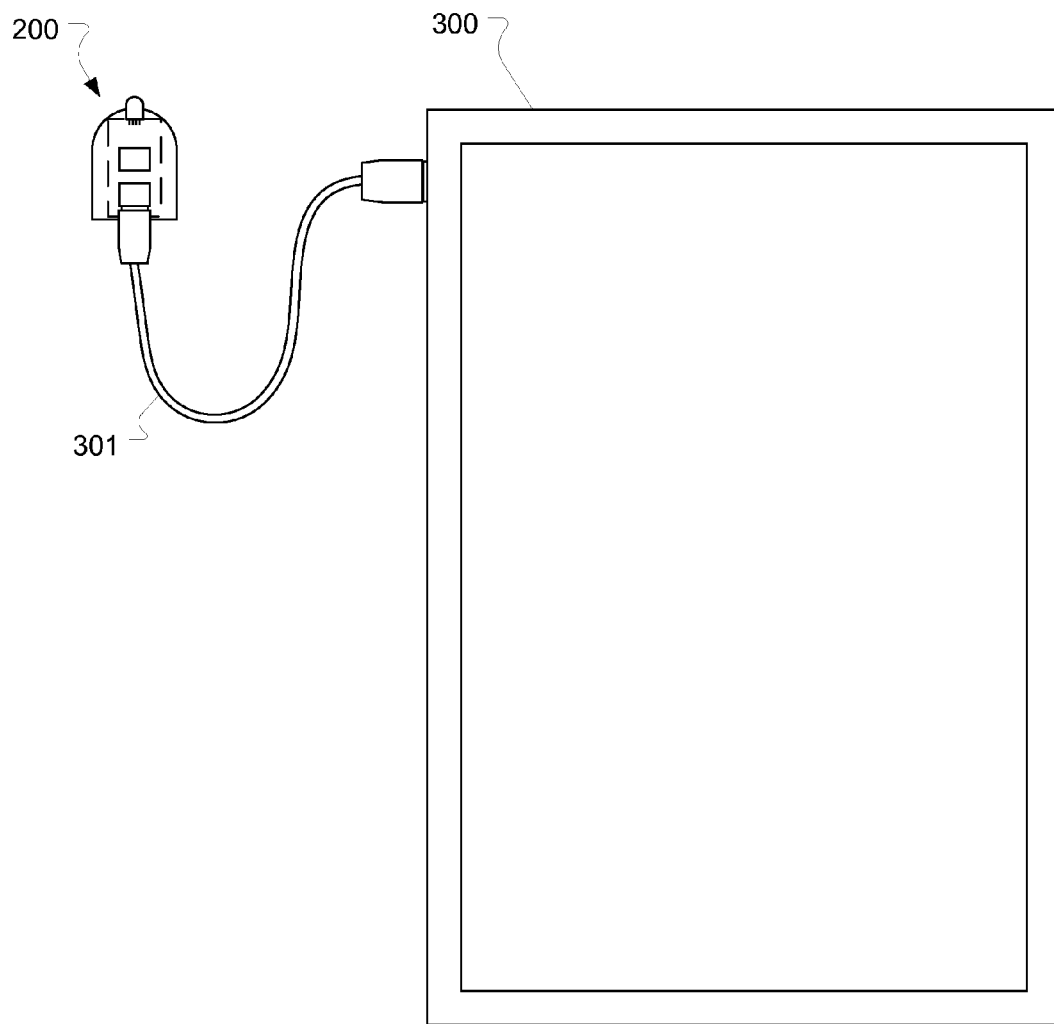


FIG. 3A

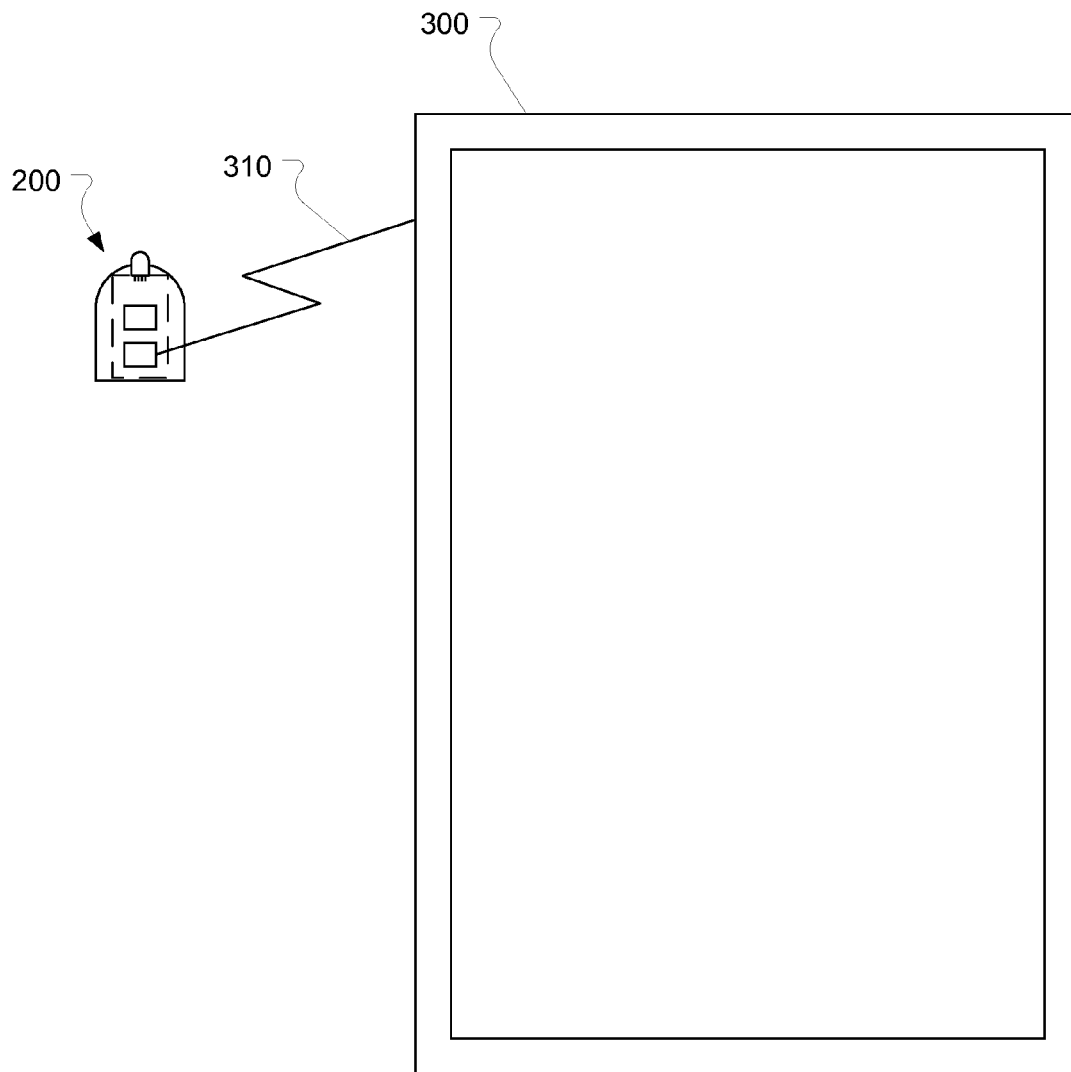


FIG. 3B

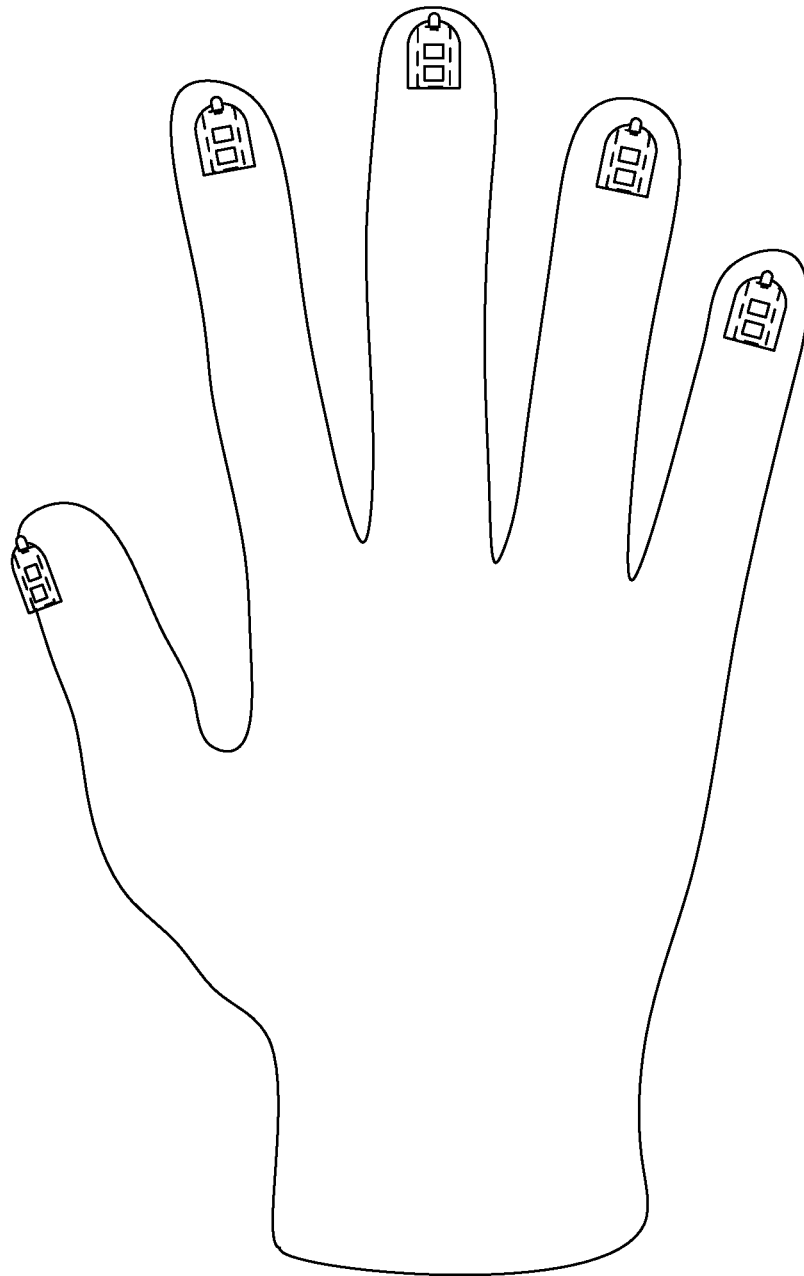


FIG. 3C

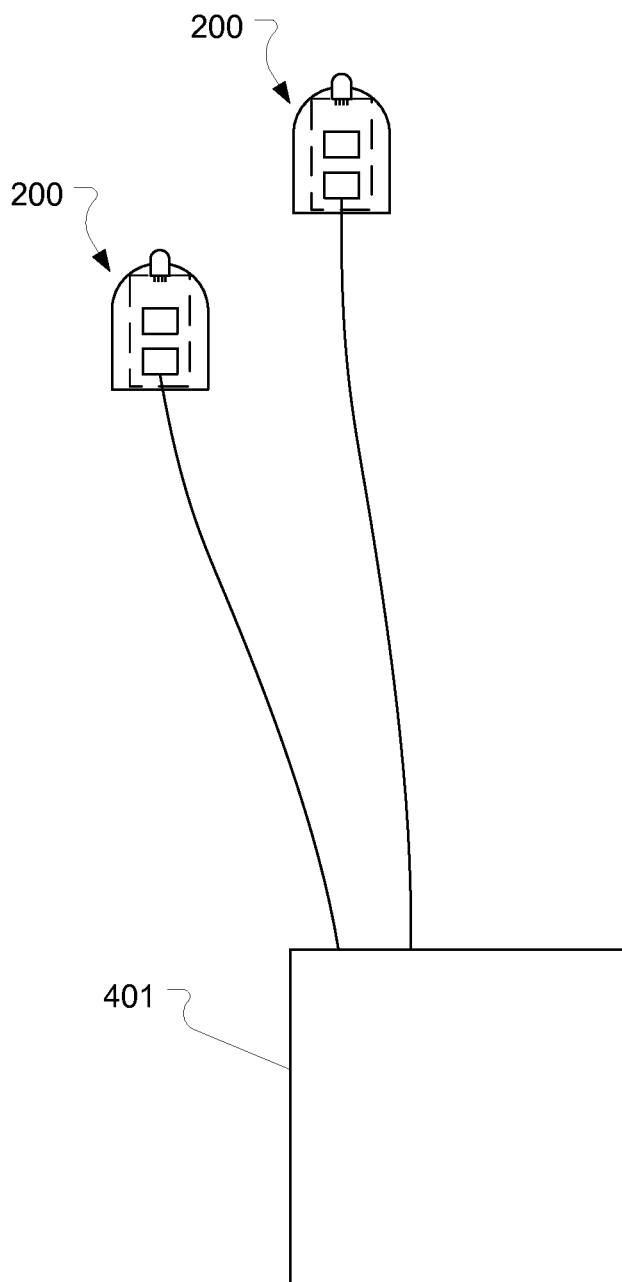


FIG. 4A

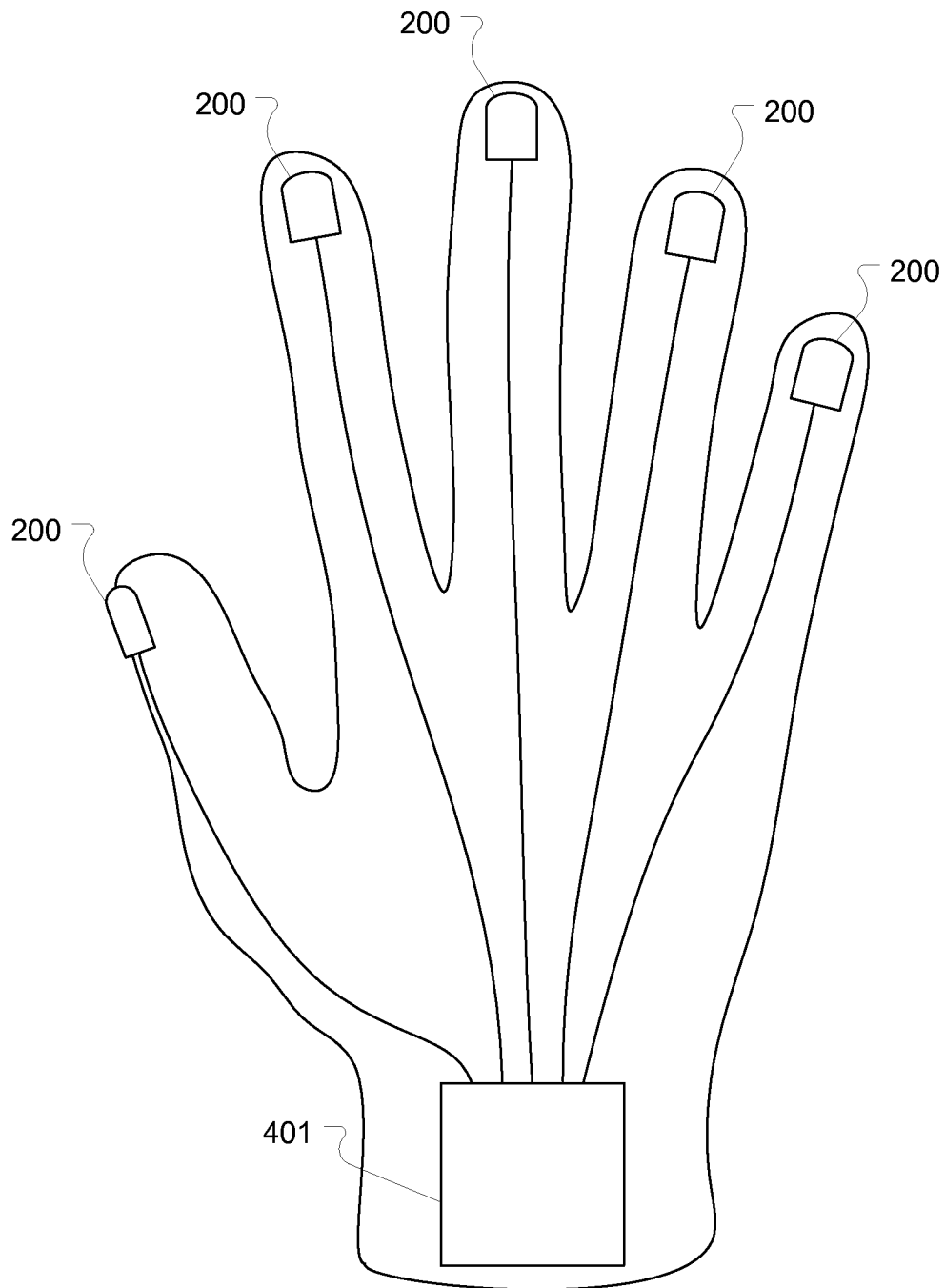


FIG. 4B

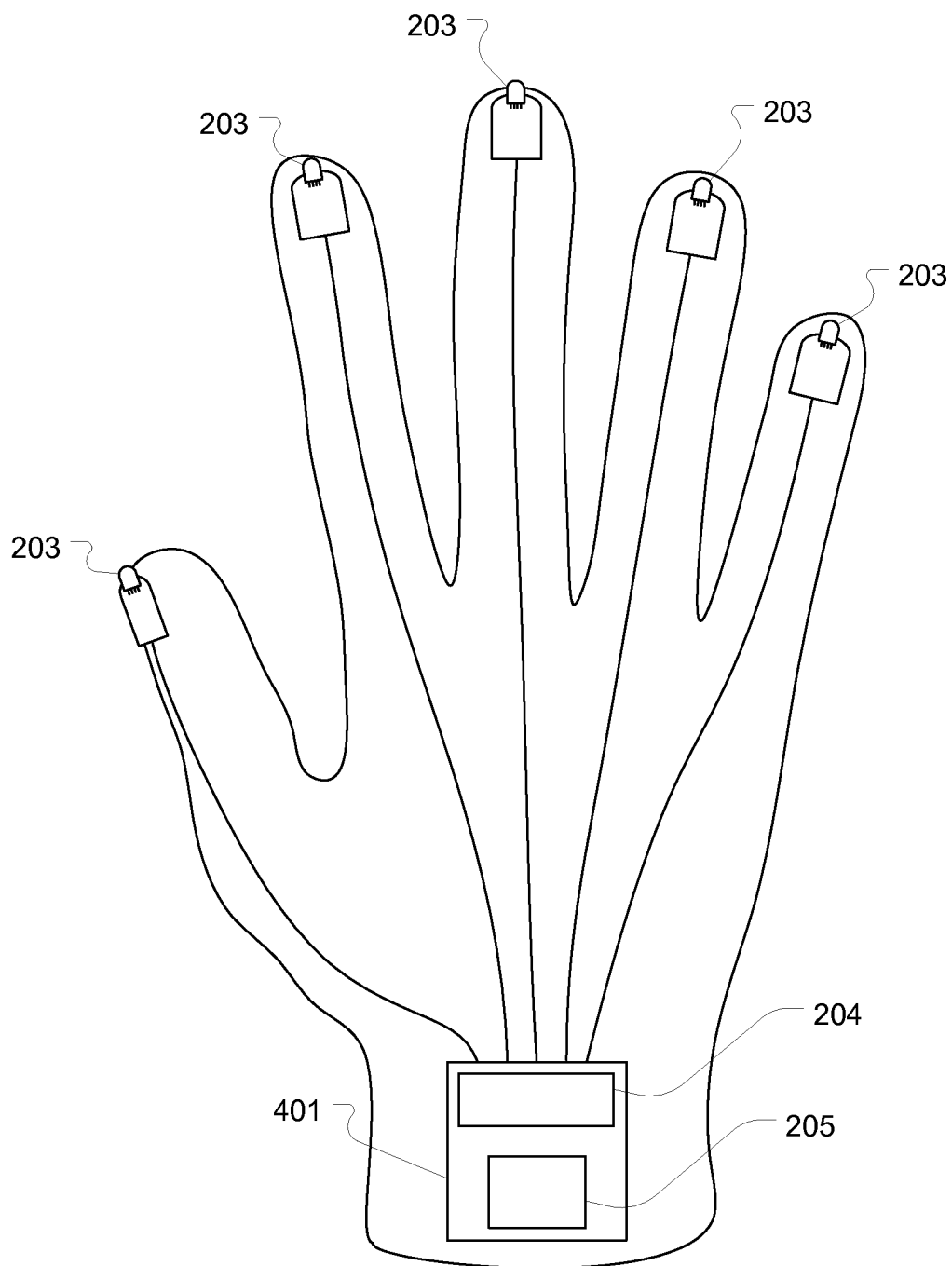


FIG. 4C

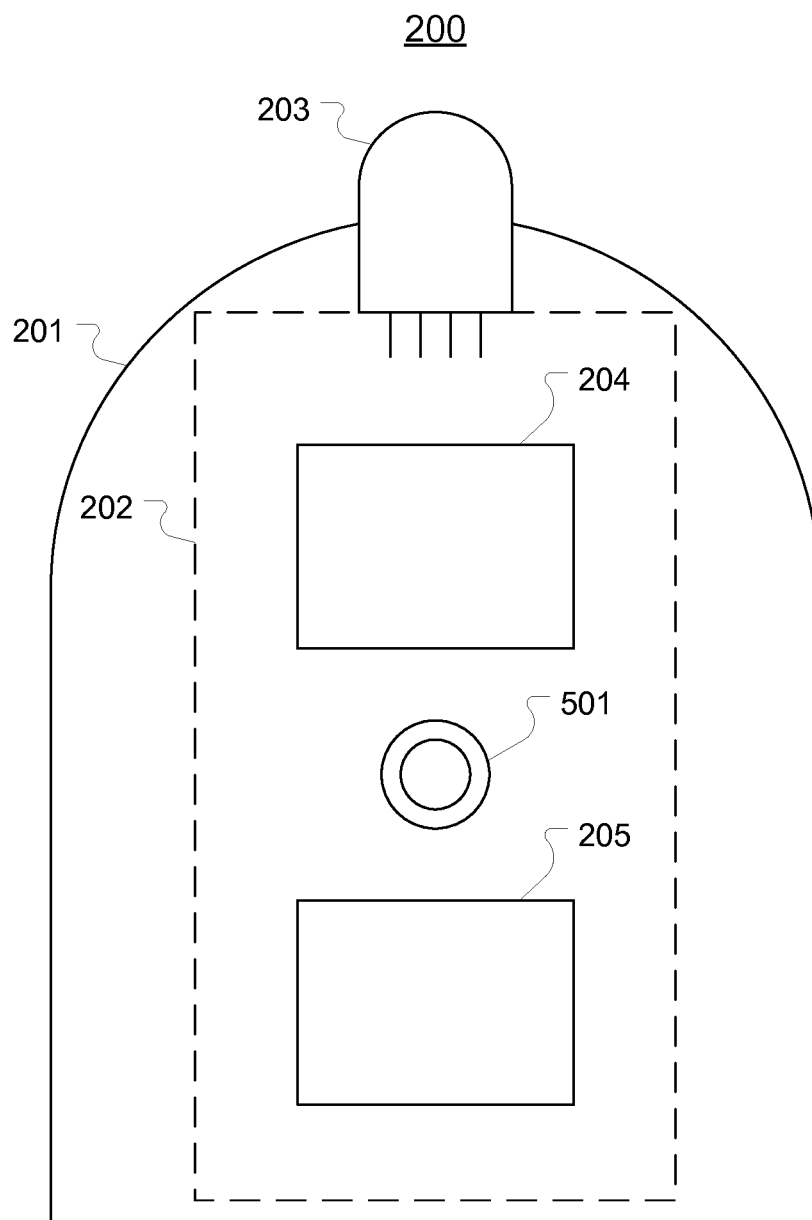


FIG. 5

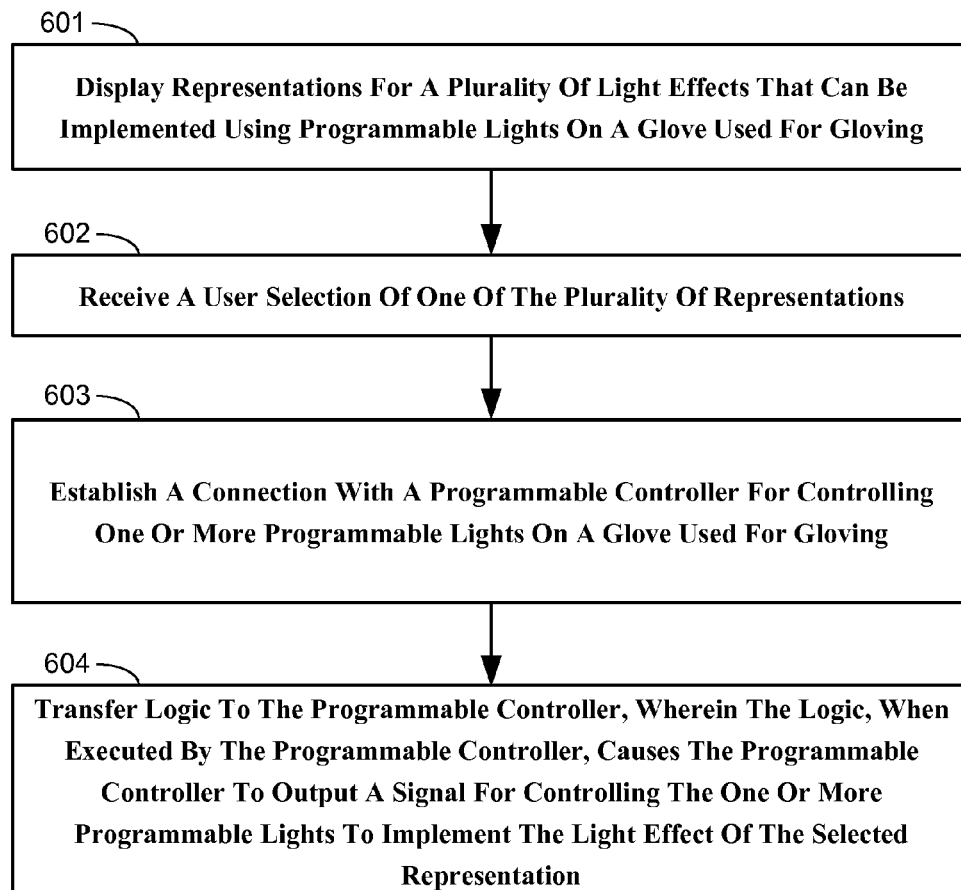
600

FIG. 6

1

INDEPENDENTLY PROGRAMMABLE LIGHTS FOR USE IN GLOVES

RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/596,273, filed Feb. 8, 2012, entitled MULTI FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMABLE MULTI LIGHT EFFECT EMITTING GLOVE AND GLOVE INSERT WITH REMOVABLE PROGRAMMABLE MICRO LIGHT AND FINGER LIGHT ATTACHMENTS.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Gloving is a term that refers to the art of performing a lightshow using gloves that include a light in each finger. FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary glove 100 that can be used for gloving. As shown, glove 100 includes lights 101a-101e at the tip of each finger and thumb. Generally, a glover will wear gloves 100 on each hand and move his hands with the beat of music to perform a lightshow.

Previous gloves used for gloving have generally employed basic single color, single mode LEDs. More complex gloves have also been used which include multicolor, multiple mode LEDs. For example, some existing gloves can include a switch or other control to change one or more of the LEDs from a first mode providing a first light pattern to a second mode providing a second light pattern.

Although these more complex gloves enable more variety in a gloving performance, the glover is still limited to the preconfigured modes of operation for each light. Accordingly, these existing gloves have not allowed the glover to customize the functionality of the lights to his liking.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention extends to independently programmable lights for use in gloves and to gloves that incorporate such lights. Each independently programmable light of the present invention can include a programmable controller that stores logic for controlling the light such as by changing the color emitted by the light or the on/off pattern of the light. The user of the glove can modify the logic within the programmable controller to customize the functionality of the light.

In one embodiment, a gloving light comprises a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove. The case includes an LED, a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED, and an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

In another embodiment, the invention comprises a light set for use with a glove to perform gloving. The light set includes one or more programmable lights. Each programmable light comprises a case that is configured to attach to a fingertip of a glove. The case includes an LED.

The light set also includes a dedicated control unit for controlling each of the one or more programmable lights. The dedicated control unit is configured to attach to the glove and includes a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED in each of the one or more programmable lights, and an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

The light set also includes one or more wires for connecting the dedicated control unit to the one or more programmable lights when the dedicated control unit and the one or more programmable lights are attached to the glove.

In another embodiment, the present invention comprises a method for transferring logic to a programmable controller

2

for controlling one or more programmable lights attached to a glove used for gloving. Representations are displayed for a plurality of light effects that can be implemented using programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. A user selection of one of the plurality of representations is received. A connection is established with a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. Logic is then transferred to the programmable controller. The logic, when executed by the programmable controller, causes the programmable controller to output a signal for controlling the one or more programmable lights to implement the light effect of the selected representation.

This summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further described below in the Detailed Description. This Summary is not intended to identify key features or essential features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used as an aid in determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

Additional features and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by the practice of the invention. The features and advantages of the invention may be realized and obtained by means of the instruments and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims. These and other features of the present invention will become more fully apparent from the following description and appended claims, or may be learned by the practice of the invention as set forth hereinafter.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order to describe the manner in which the above-recited and other advantages and features of the invention can be obtained, a more particular description of the invention briefly described above will be rendered by reference to specific embodiments thereof which are illustrated in the appended drawings. Understanding that these drawings depict only typical embodiments of the invention and are not therefore to be considered to be limiting of its scope, the invention will be described and explained with additional specificity and detail through the use of the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary glove in which the programmable lights of the present invention could be used;

FIG. 2 illustrates an exemplary programmable light;

FIGS. 3A and 3B illustrate exemplary connections between a programmable light and a computing device;

FIG. 3C illustrates a glove that includes the exemplary programmable lights of FIG. 2;

FIGS. 4A-4C illustrate a dedicated control unit that can be used to control a function of one or more programmable lights;

FIG. 5 illustrates an embodiment of a programmable light that includes a control button; and

FIG. 6 illustrates a flowchart of an exemplary method for transferring logic to a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights attached to a glove used for gloving.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The present invention extends to independently programmable lights for use in gloves and to gloves that incorporate such lights. Each independently programmable light of the present invention can include a programmable controller that stores logic for controlling the light such as by changing the color emitted by the light or the on/off pattern of the light. The

3

user of the glove can modify the logic within the programmable controller to customize the functionality of the light.

In one embodiment, a gloving light comprises a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove. The case includes an LED, a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED, and an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

In another embodiment, the invention comprises a light set for use with a glove to perform gloving. The light set includes one or more programmable lights. Each programmable light comprises a case that is configured to attach to a fingertip of a glove. The case includes an LED.

The light set also includes a dedicated control unit for controlling each of the one or more programmable lights. The dedicated control unit is configured to attach to the glove and includes a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED in each of the one or more programmable lights, and an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

The light set also includes one or more wires for connecting the dedicated control unit to the one or more programmable lights when the dedicated control unit and the one or more programmable lights are attached to the glove.

In another embodiment, the present invention comprises a method for transferring logic to a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights attached to a glove used for gloving. Representations are displayed for a plurality of light effects that can be implemented using programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. A user selection of one of the plurality of representations is received. A connection is established with a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. Logic is then transferred to the programmable controller. The logic, when executed by the programmable controller, causes the programmable controller to output a signal for controlling the one or more programmable lights to implement the light effect of the selected representation.

FIG. 2 illustrates an exemplary programmable light **200** according to one or more embodiments of the invention. Programmable light **200** can be used in place of any of lights **101a-101e** shown in FIG. 1.

Programmable light **200** includes a case **201** for housing the components of the light. These components include a circuit board **202**, an LED **203**, a programmable controller **204** storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED, and an interface **205** for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller. Circuit board **202** should be construed as covering any means for interconnecting the other components of programmable light **200** including, but not limited to, commonly used printed circuits boards. Programmable light **200** may also include a battery for powering programmable controller **204**. In some embodiments, however, an external power source may be used.

LED **203** can comprise any type of LED whose output can be varied by varying the voltage driving the LED. In this specification, LED **203** will be described as an RGB LED. An RGB LED is actually comprised of three separate LEDs: a red, a green, and a blue LED. An RGB LED can output virtually any color by varying the intensity of the red, green, and blue LEDs so that the appropriate mixture of colors and color intensities is output to yield the desired color. For example, to output purple, the green LED can be turned off while the red and blue LEDs are driven thereby outputting red and blue light that when mixed forms purple.

Each individual red, green, and blue LED in the RGB LED is driven by a voltage source. As shown in FIG. 2, LED **203** includes four leads, one lead for driving each LED and a

4

common ground lead. By varying the voltage on one of the three driving leads, the intensity of the color output by the corresponding individual LED can be varied. For example, using the same example above, a different shade of purple can be generated by varying the voltage driving the red and blue LEDs.

Programmable controller **204** stores logic for controlling the voltages that are applied to each of the three driving leads. For example, the logic can define a sequence or pattern of voltages that are output from programmable controller **204** to cause the RGB LED to output a certain sequence or pattern of colors. The logic stored within programmable controller **204** can be replaced or modified. In other words, programmable controller **204** may be programmed by the user. In this manner, a user can customize the functionality of LED **203** to produce virtually any desired sequence.

Interface **205** can represent any type of interface for accessing programmable controller **204** to modify the logic stored therein. For example, interface **205** can comprise a wired interface such as any of the hardware ports that are commonly found on mobile computing devices (e.g. a USB port), or can comprise a wireless interface such as a Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, infrared, or other wireless interface.

Interface **205** enables a user to communicate with programmable controller **204** using an external computing device. For example, if interface **205** is a USB interface, a USB cable can be used to connect programmable controller **204** to another computer system such as a dedicated control unit or a general computing device such as a user's mobile phone, tablet, laptop, or desktop computer. The user can use the other computing device to transfer (e.g. via the USB connection or other wired or wireless connection) new or updated logic to programmable controller **204** for driving LED **203** with a new or updated pattern.

FIG. 3A illustrates an embodiment where interface **205** comprises a USB port that is connected via a USB cable **301** directly to a general computing device which in this case is shown as a tablet **300**.

FIG. 3B illustrates an embodiment where interface **205** comprises a wireless interface such as a Bluetooth interface. As shown, a general computing device such as tablet **300** can wirelessly transfer logic to programmable controller **204** via a Bluetooth connection **310**.

FIG. 3C illustrates a glove that includes programmable light **200** in each of the fingers and thumb. The glove can be configured so that each of programmable lights **200** can be independently attached and removed from the glove.

FIG. 4A illustrates an embodiment where a dedicated control unit **401** is used to transfer logic to programmable controller **204**. This embodiment can be advantageous when dedicated control unit **401** is attached to, or worn in conjunction with, a glove as shown in FIG. 4B.

FIG. 4B illustrates that dedicated control unit **401** can be attached to a glove. In such embodiments, the glove can include wires connecting dedicated control unit **401** to each programmable light **200** to allow logic to be transferred from dedicated control unit **401** to the programmable controller **204** on each programmable light **200**. These wires can be embedded in the glove or can be separate removable components.

For example, in some embodiments, a glove can include embedded wires that run from a housing for the dedicated control unit **401** to individual housings for each programmable light **200**. These housings can be configured to allow the dedicated control unit **401** and programmable lights **200** to be inserted and removed as necessary.

5

When a dedicated control unit **401** is used, the programmable lights **200** of the present invention can also be implemented by placing programmable controller **204** on dedicated control unit **401** rather than within each programmable light **200**. In other words, the voltages for driving each LED **203** can be generated by a programmable controller **204** on dedicated control unit **401** and output to each programmable light **200** over the depicted wires.

FIG. 4C illustrates an embodiment where a dedicated control unit **401** houses a programmable controller **204** and an interface **205** while each programmable light **200** includes an LED **203**. In this embodiment, dedicated control unit **401** and each programmable light **200** can be removed from the glove. The wires interconnecting dedicated control unit **401** and each programmable light **200** may be embedded or attached to the glove and may be removable. As stated above, interface **205** can be used to connect dedicated control unit **401** to another computing device to allow the logic in programmable controller **204** to be reprogrammed. Also, the glove may be configured to allow dedicated control unit **401** and/or programmable lights **200** to be easily snapped in to connect the circuit.

Embodiments which employ a dedicated control unit **401** may be less advantageous because they require the added bulk of the dedicated control unit during use of the glove. However, in some cases, these embodiments may be preferred because it allows the programmable lights **200** to be simpler and less expensive (e.g. when the programmable lights comprise only an LED in a case with all other components being located on the dedicated control unit), and may facilitate the reprogramming of programmable controller **204** for some individuals (e.g. by allowing a single programmable controller **204** to be used to drive all five LEDs rather than requiring a programmable controller **204** for each LED).

As can be seen, a programmable light **200** can be implemented in many different ways in accordance with the present invention. As such, the invention should not be limited to any particular configuration or location of any specific component (e.g. whether within case **201** or on dedicated control unit **401**). Instead, the invention encompasses all configurations which allow the addition of logic or modification of logic stored on a programmable controller **204** for driving one or more LEDs in a user customized manner.

FIG. 5 illustrates an embodiment where programmable light **200** includes a control button **501**. Control button **501** can provide access to the logic stored in programmable controller **204** to enable a user to modify a current operating mode of programmable light **200**. For example, programmable controller **204** may store logic for outputting two or more different patterns. By actuating control button **501**, the user can switch from one pattern to another.

It is noted that there is a difference between modifying a current operating mode of a programmable light and reprogramming the light. In the first case, the logic stored within the programmable light is not modified, whereas, in the second case, the logic is replaced or updated in some manner. In other words, a non-programmable controller may store logic for various operating modes from which the user can select. However, in such cases, the user does not have the option of adding a new mode to or modifying an existing mode on the non-programmable controller. In contrast, the present invention allows the user to add new modes, change existing modes, or otherwise modify the logic stored in reprogrammable controller **204** to generate custom LED output patterns.

Accordingly, the programmable lights **200** of the present invention can be programmable and can provide multiple modes of operation without requiring reprogramming. In this

6

way, a user can program the programmable light **200** so that it has the capability to output multiple custom patterns.

The present invention also extends to an online repository of downloadable logic for controlling reprogrammable light **200**. In a particular example, this online repository can be implemented as a webpage or a mobile app where a user can select particular patterns and download the logic for controlling the programmable controller **204** to output the selected patterns. When a pattern is selected, the logic for implementing the pattern can be downloaded to a user's computer system and transferred to the appropriate programmable controller **204** in any of the ways described above.

Additionally, in some embodiments, the webpage or mobile app can include functionality that allows the users to create their own patterns. For example, the webpage or app can provide an interface for defining desired colors and sequences for a particular programmable light. The webpage or app can include functionality for generating the necessary logic that can be downloaded and transferred to programmable controller **204** to implement the defined colors and sequences. In this way, the use can have complete freedom to implement any type of light effect for use while gloving.

FIG. 6 illustrates a flowchart of an exemplary method **600** for transferring logic to a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights attached to a glove used for gloving. Method **600** will be described with reference to the figures.

Method **600** includes an act **601** of displaying representations for a plurality of light effects that can be implemented using programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. For example, a user can use a computing device such as tablet **300** to browse available light effects. The available light effects can be displayed in a webpage, an app, or any other way.

Method **600** includes an act **602** of receiving a user selection of one of the plurality of representations. For example, the user can select one of the representations being displayed within a webpage or app on tablet **300**.

Method **600** includes an act **603** of establishing a connection with a programmable controller for controlling one or more programmable lights on a glove used for gloving. For example, a connection can be established between tablet **300** and programmable controller **204**. This connection can be wired (e.g. USB) or wireless (e.g. Bluetooth).

Method **600** includes an act **604** of transferring logic to the programmable controller, wherein the logic, when executed by the programmable controller, causes the programmable controller to output a signal for controlling the one or more programmable lights to implement the light effect of the selected representation. For example, tablet **300** can transfer logic to programmable controller **204** to allow programmable controller **204** to control one or more of LEDs **203** to implement the light effect.

The present invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from its spirit or essential characteristics. The described embodiments are to be considered in all respects only as illustrative and not restrictive. The scope of the invention is, therefore, indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description. All changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are to be embraced within their scope.

The invention claimed is:

1. A gloving light comprising:

a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove, wherein the case includes:
an RGB LED;
a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED; and

7

an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

2. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the interface comprises a wired interface.

3. The gloving light of claim 2, wherein the wired interface comprises a USB interface.

4. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the interface comprises a wireless interface.

5. The gloving light of claim 4, wherein the wireless interface comprises a Bluetooth interface.

6. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the programmable controller stores logic for a plurality of operating modes, each operating mode corresponding to operating the LED in accordance with a respective light output pattern, the gloving light further comprising:

a control button for changing from a first one of the operating modes to a second operating modes.

7. The gloving light of claim 1, further comprising:

a glove having a housing on one or more of the fingers of the glove to which the gloving light is attachable.

8. The gloving light of claim 1, further comprising:

a glove having a housing on each fingertip of the glove, each housing being configured to receive the gloving light.

9. The gloving light of claim 1, further comprising:

a battery for powering the programmable controller.

10. The gloving light of claim 6, wherein the interface is configured to connect the programmable controller to an external computing device, and wherein the programmable controller is configured to receive instructions and logic from the external computing device to add logic for an operating mode or to replace logic for one of the plurality of operating modes.

11. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the interface is configured to connect the programmable controller to an external computer system, the external computer system configured so that a user can select a light output pattern and the computer system can transfer logic for driving the LED according to the selected light output pattern to the programmable controller.

12. The gloving light of claim 11, wherein the computer system comprises an online repository of logic for driving the LED.

13. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the interface is configured to connect the programmable controller to an external computer system, the external computer system configured so that a user can create a color output pattern, and the external computer system is configured to generate a custom logic for driving the LED in accordance with the user-created color output pattern, the interface configured to deliver the custom logic to the programmable controller.

14. The gloving light of claim 1, wherein the interface is configured to releasably connect the programmable controller to an external computer system, the external computer system configured to display a plurality of light effects, to receive a user selection of one of the plurality of light effects, and to transfer logic to the programmable controller, the logic configured to direct the programmable controller to control the LED so as to produce the selected one of the plurality of light effects.

15. A light set for use with a glove to perform gloving, the light set comprising:

one or more programmable lights, each programmable light comprising a case that is configured to attach to a fingertip of a glove, the case including an LED;

a dedicated control unit for controlling each of the one or more programmable lights, the dedicated control unit

8

being configured to attach to the glove, the dedicated control unit further including:

a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED in each of the one or more programmable lights; and

an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller, the interface comprising a wireless interface; and

one or more wires for connecting the dedicated control unit to the one or more programmable lights when the dedicated control unit and the one or more programmable lights are attached to the glove.

16. The light set of claim 15, further comprising:

a glove having a housing on one or more fingertips to which the programmable lights are connected.

17. The light set of claim 16, wherein the glove further includes a housing to which the dedicated control unit is connected.

18. The light set of claim 15, wherein the one or more wires are incorporated into the glove.

19. The light set of claim 15, wherein the one or more wires are attachable to the glove.

20. A gloving light comprising:

a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove, wherein the case includes:

an LED;

a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED; and

a wired interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller, the wired interface comprising a USB interface.

21. The gloving light of claim 20, wherein the LED comprises a multicolor LED, and the programmable controller is configured to control operation of the multicolor LED according to a current operating mode, the current operating mode being one of a first operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a first light output pattern and a second operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a second light output pattern, the gloving light additionally comprising a control button configured to change the current operating mode.

22. The gloving light of claim 21, wherein the USB interface is configured to selectively connect the programmable controller to an external computing device, and wherein the programmable controller is configured to receive, store and execute an additional logic from the external computing device, the additional logic corresponding to a third operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a third light output pattern.

23. The gloving light of claim 22, wherein the programmable controller is configured to replace the second operating mode with the third operating mode.

24. The gloving light of claim 22, wherein the programmable controller is configured to store logic for each of the first, second and third operating modes.

25. The gloving light of claim 22, wherein the external computing device communicates with an online repository of logic for driving the multicolor LED.

26. The gloving light of claim 22 in connection with a second gloving light, wherein the second gloving light can be attached to and removed from the glove independently from the gloving light.

27. A gloving light comprising:

a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove, wherein the case includes:

an LED;

9

a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED; and
 a wireless interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller.

28. The gloving light of claim 27, wherein the programmable controller is configured to communicate via the wireless interface with a computer system comprising an online repository of logic for driving the LED.

29. The gloving light of claim 27, wherein the wireless interface is configured to connect the programmable controller to an external computing system, and wherein the programmable controller is configured to receive instructions and an additional logic from the external computing system to add to or replace the logic stored in the programmable controller.

30. The gloving light of claim 29, wherein the external computing system is configured to accept a user selection of a light output pattern, and the additional logic is configured for controlling the LED according to the selected light output pattern.

31. The gloving light of claim 30, wherein the external computing system is configured to generate the additional logic.

32. The gloving light of claim 27, wherein the LED comprises a multicolor LED, and the programmable controller is configured to control operation of the multicolor LED according to a current operating mode, the current operating mode being one of a first operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a first light output pattern and a second operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a second light output pattern, the gloving light additionally comprising a control button configured to change the current operating mode.

33. The gloving light of claim 32, wherein the wireless interface is configured to selectively connect the programmable controller to an external computing device, and

10

wherein the programmable controller is configured to receive, store and execute an additional logic from the external computing device, the additional logic corresponding to a third operating mode in which the multicolor LED displays a third light output pattern.

34. A gloving light comprising:

a case that is configured to be attached to a finger of a glove, wherein the case includes:

an LED;

a programmable controller storing logic for controlling the functionality of the LED;

an interface for modifying the logic stored in the programmable controller; and

a control button for changing an operating mode of the logic stored in the programmable controller.

35. The gloving light of claim 34, wherein the operating mode is selected from a first and a second operating mode of the logic stored in the programmable controller, and wherein the programmable controller is configured to receive instructions and additional logic via the interface to modify the logic stored in the programmable controller so as to add a third operating mode, the operating mode comprising a light output pattern of the LED.

36. The gloving light of claim 35, wherein the instructions and additional logic are communicated to the programmable controller from an external computer system.

37. The gloving light of claim 36, wherein the external computer system comprises an online repository of logic for driving the LED, and the additional logic is user-selectable.

38. The gloving light of claim 36, wherein the external computer system is configured so that a user can create the third operating mode, and the external computer system is configured to generate the additional logic for driving the LED in accordance with the third operating mode.

* * * * *